

RECURRENT POSTERIOR SUBLUXATION (B)

posterior subluxation in
adduction



“insufficiency“ of the
antero - superior
capsule



RECURRENT POSTERIOR SUBLUXATION



SELECTIVE HYPERMOBILITY: POST. INSTAB.



SELECETIVE HYPERMOBILITY: POST. INSTAB.

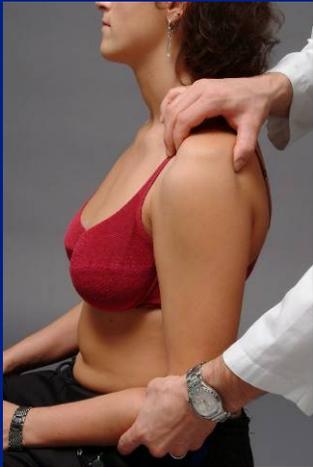


increased amplitude of i.r.
in abduction



“insufficiency“ of the
postero - inferior capsule

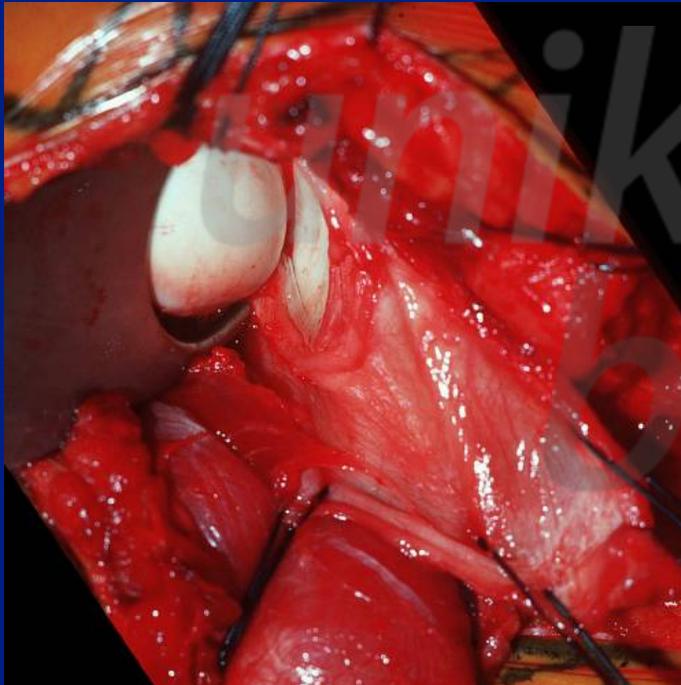
POSTERO - INFERIOR CAPSULE



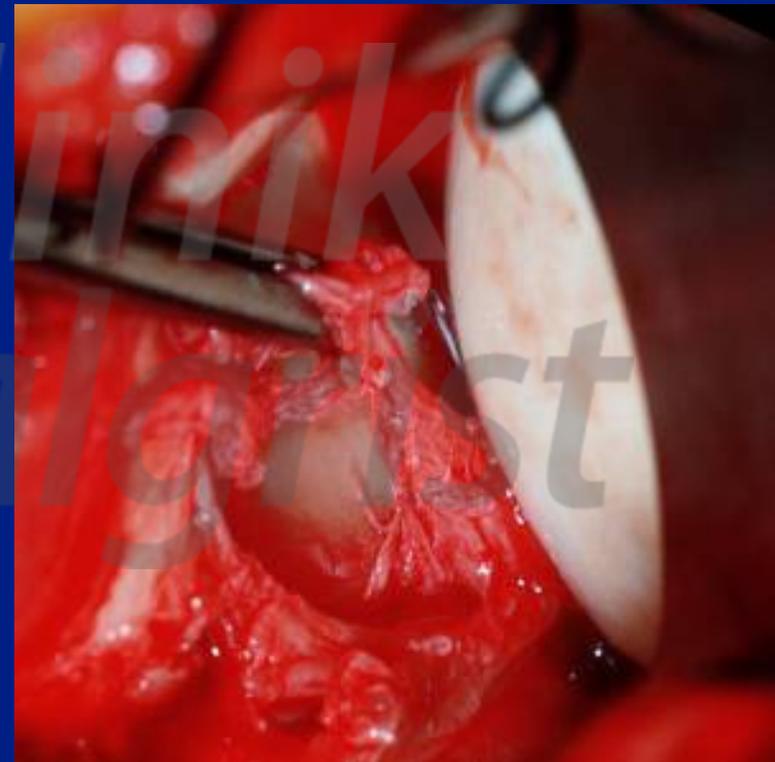
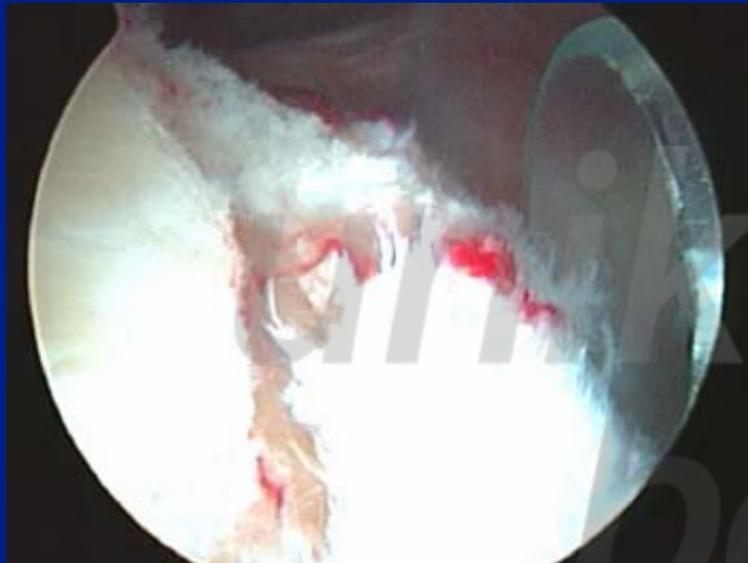
DIAGNOSTIC ARTHROSCOPY



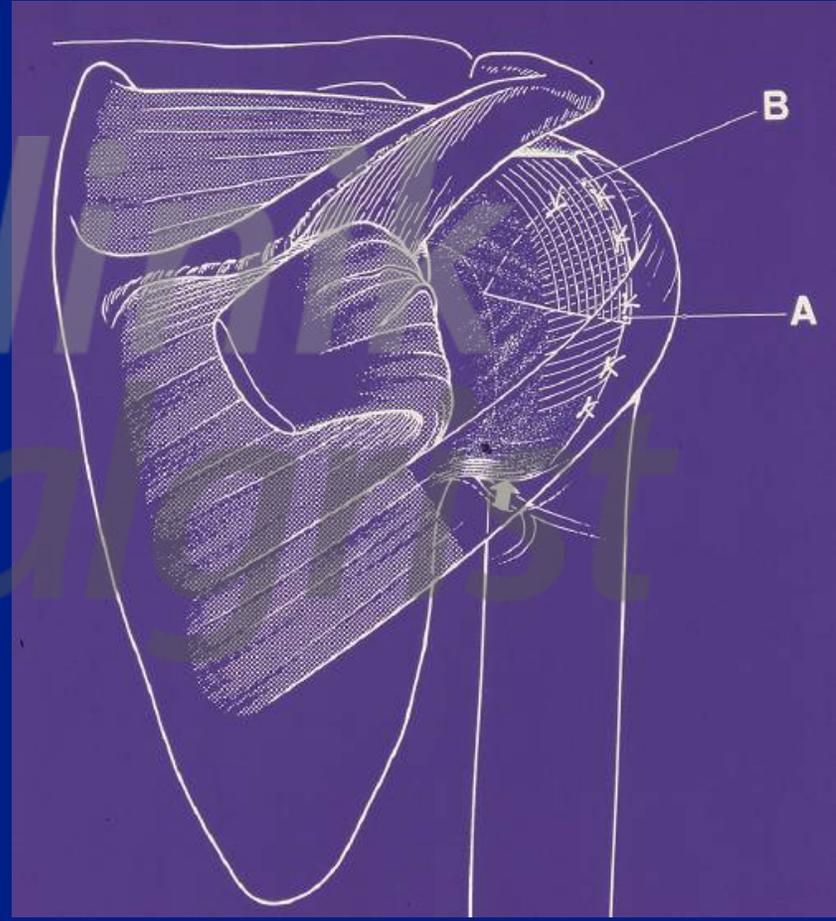
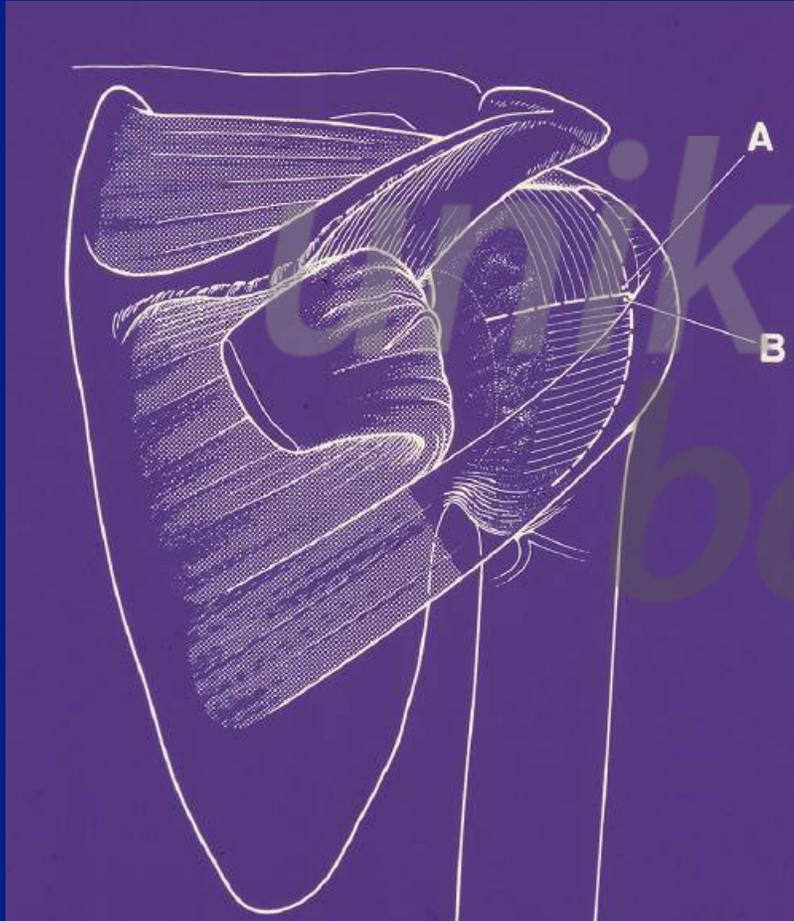
LESIONS IN POSTERIOR INSTABILITY



BANKART - LABRAL LESIONS 20%



P.I.C.S.



PATIENTS / METHODS

n =	24 (15m;9f)
age	24 (15-33)
shoulders	26
dominant	18
primary operation	19
revisions	7
follow - up	7.6 (2-15)y clinical: Interview, physical ex. Constant Score, SST, SSV
imaging:	X-ray, CT - scan

P.I.C.S. RESULTS

(n=26; f-up= 7.6 ys)

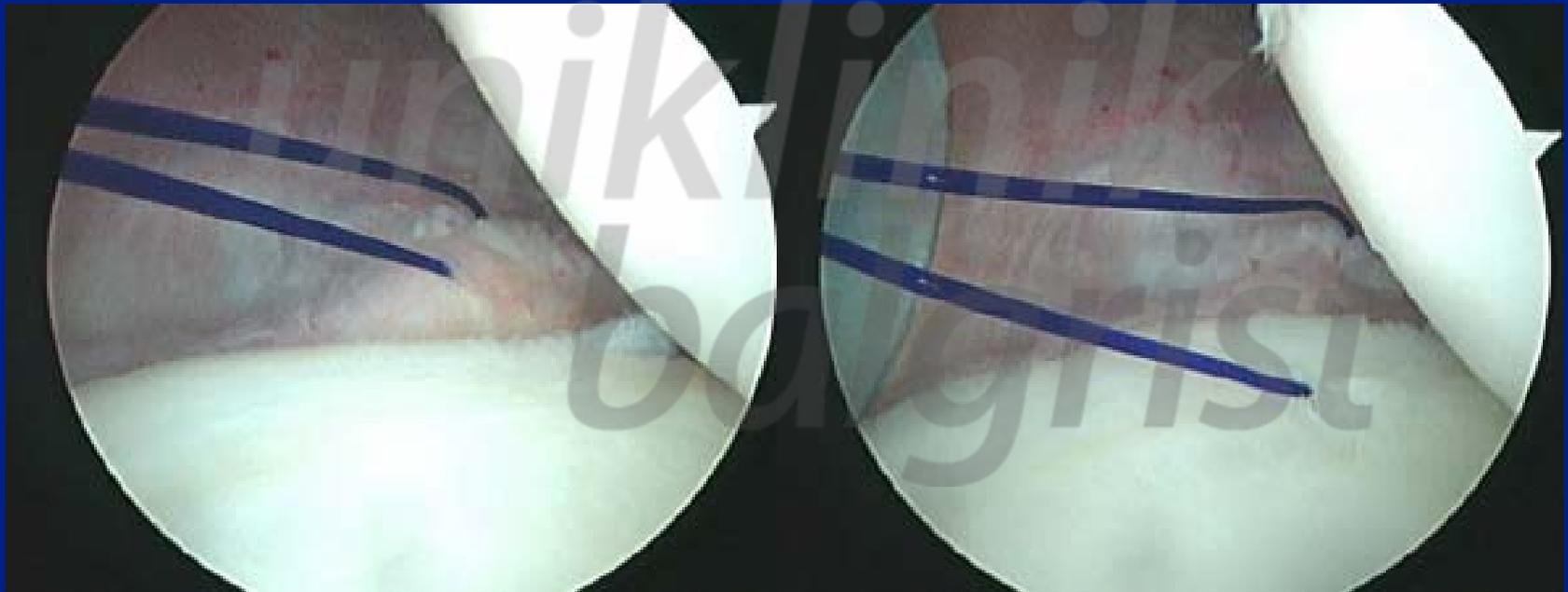
excellent	16	good
	8	
fair	2	poor
	0	
Constant Score	92%	
SSV	87% (60-100)	
fully employed	100%	lighter
duty	19%	disability pension
0%		

P.I.C.S. (n=26; f-up= 7.6y)

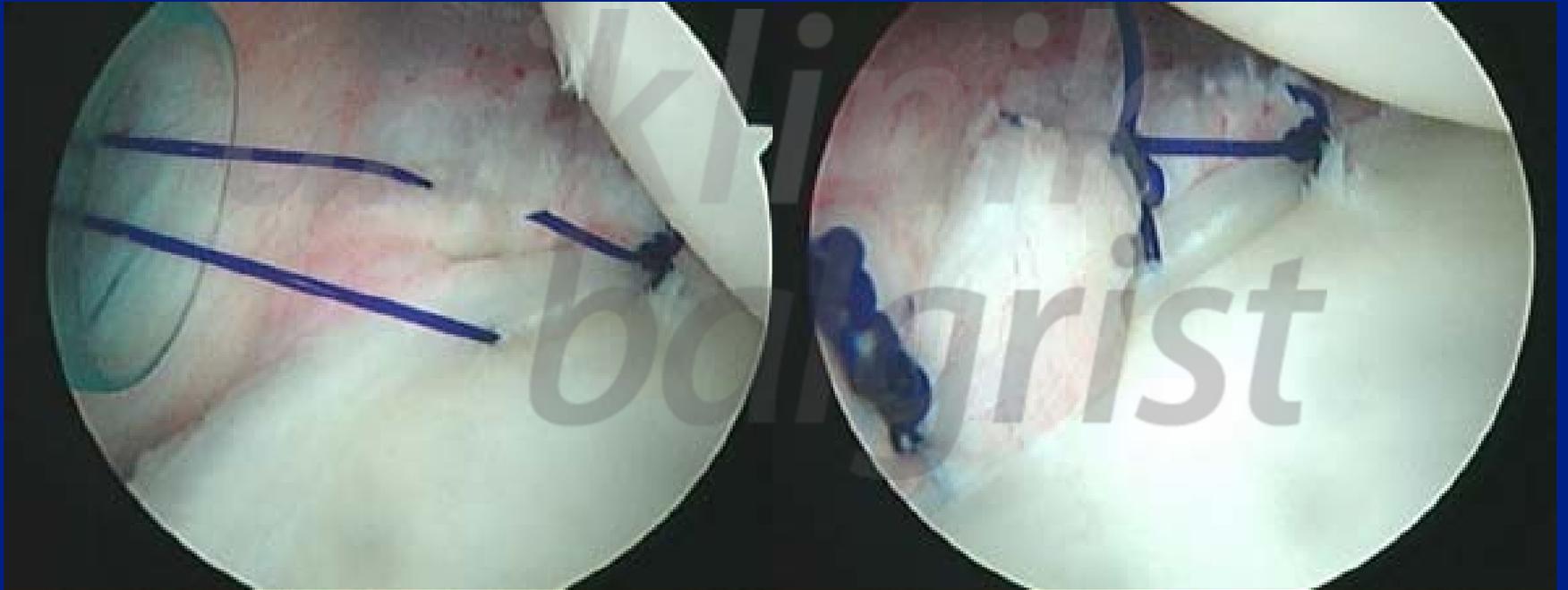
recurrence rate	23%
primary cases	16%* (3/19)
revision cases	43% (3/7)
after posterior surgery	100%
after anterior surgery	0%

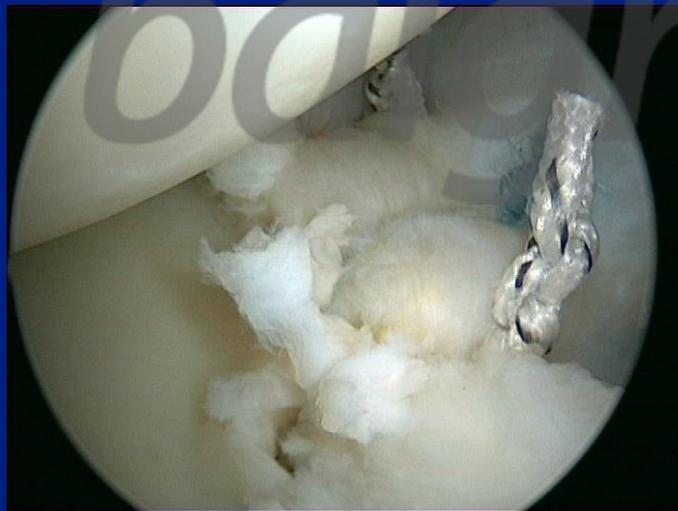
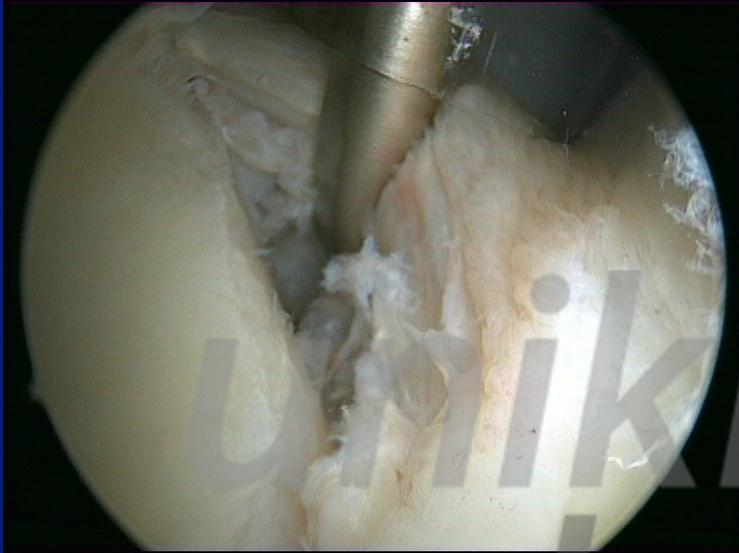
Fuchs et al, JBJS 82-A: 16, 2000

POSTERIOR INFERIOR CAPSULAR SHIFT

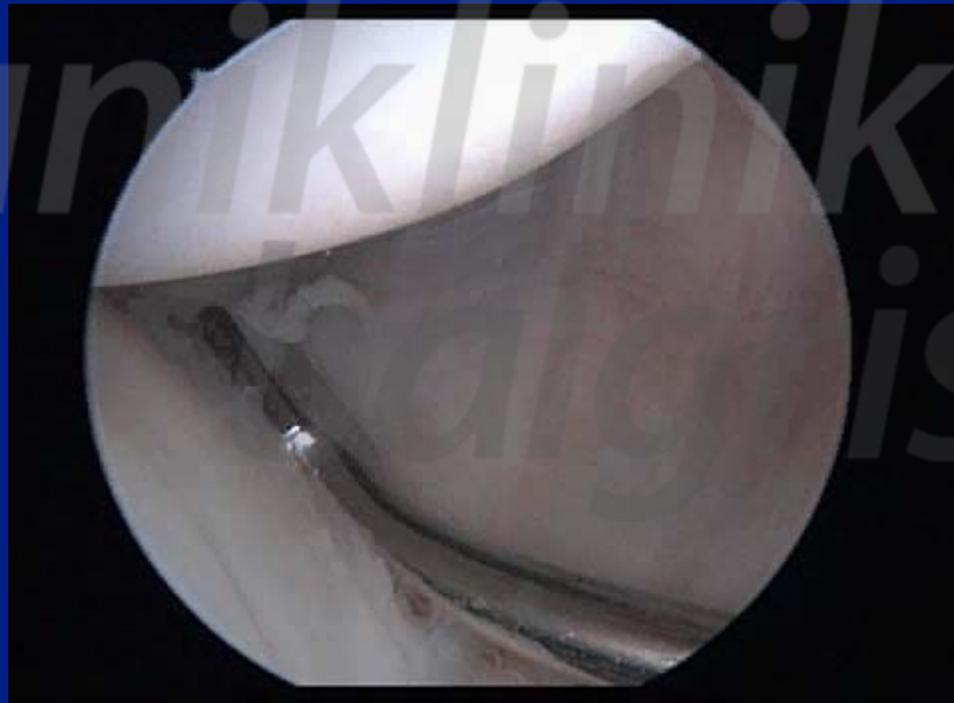


I.C.S.





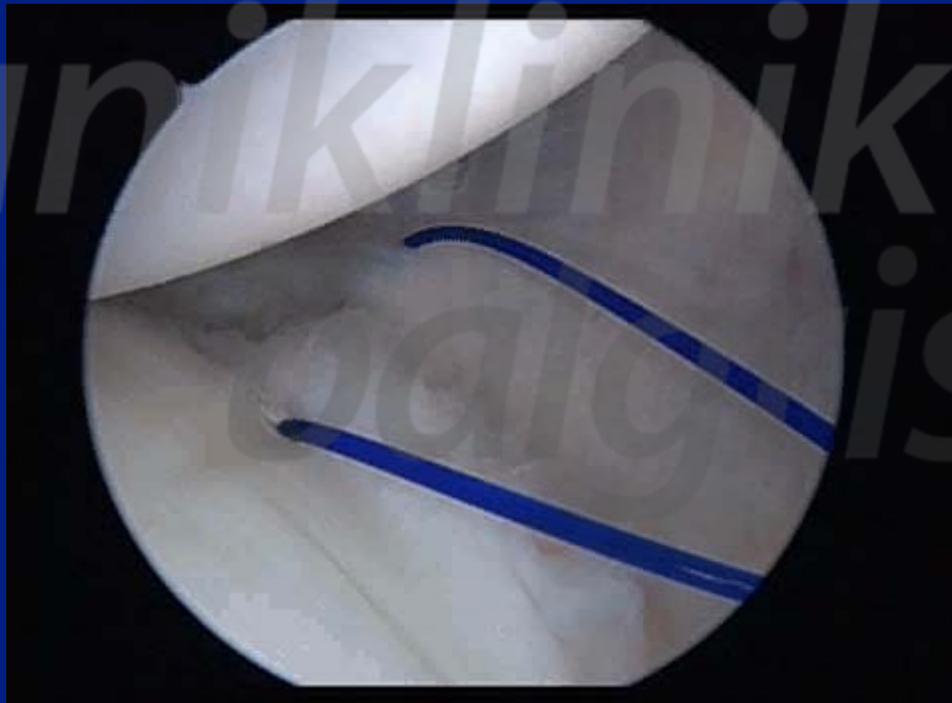
PREPARING CAPSULE



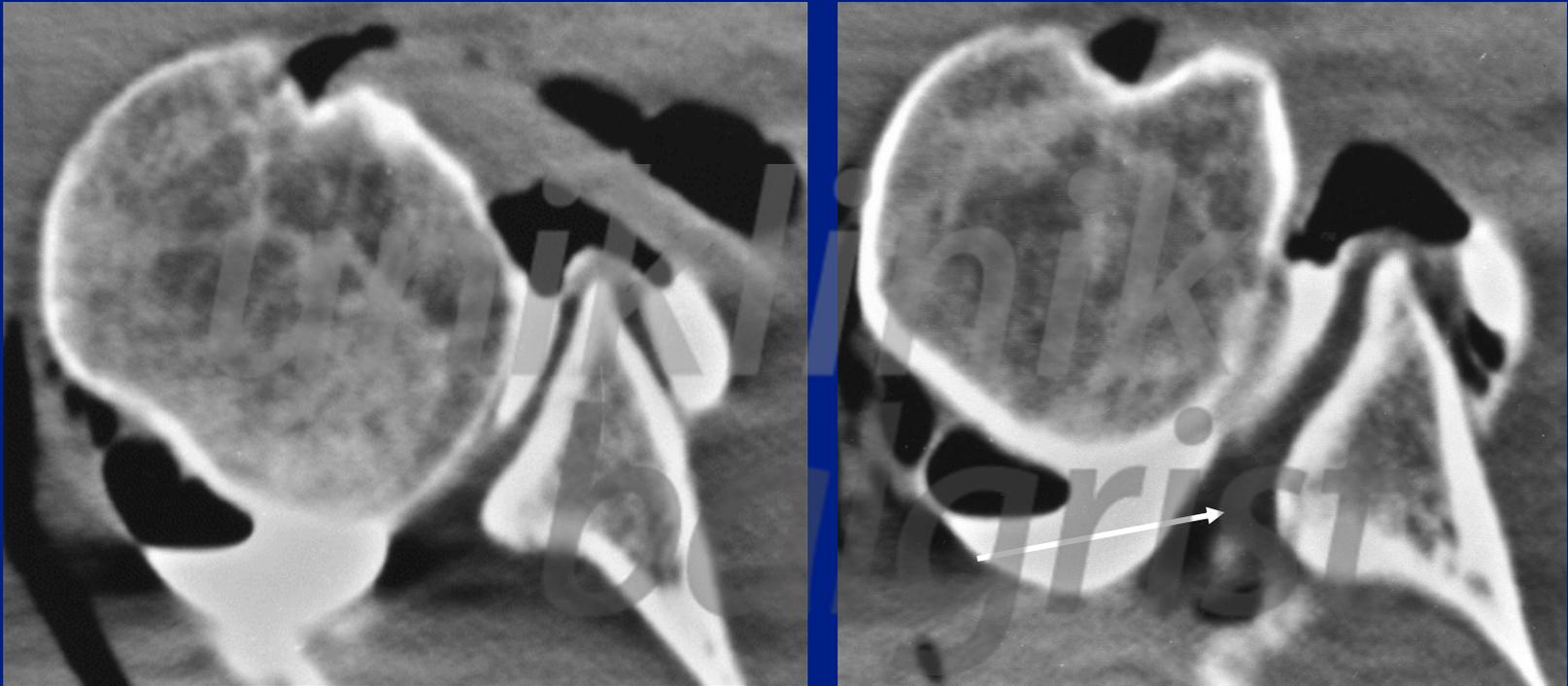
REEFING STITCH



PLICATION



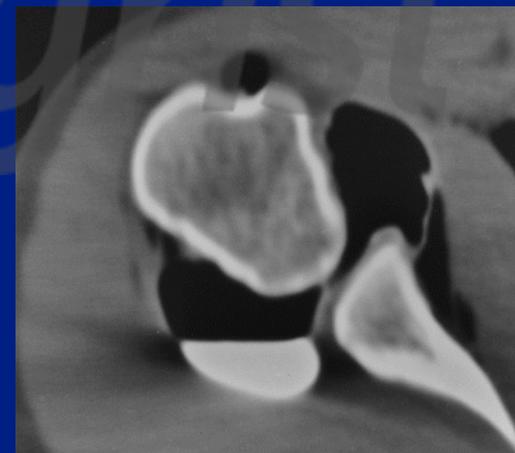
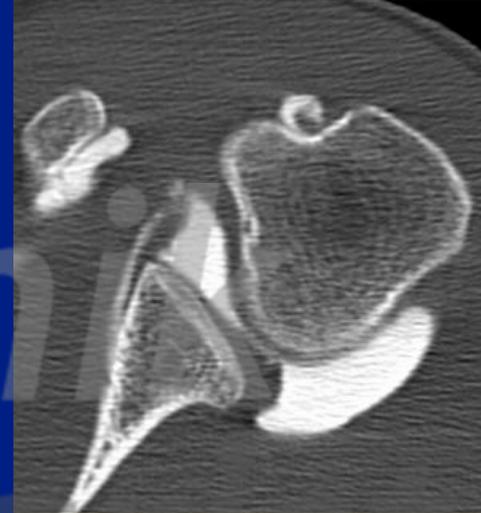
POSTERIOR GLENOID RIM LESION



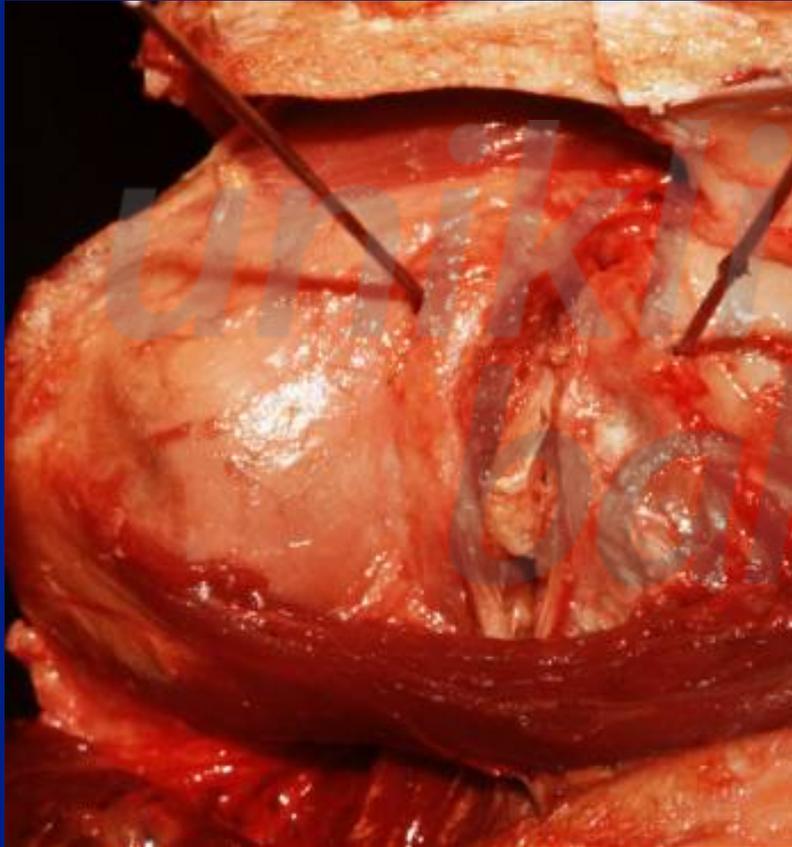
If superior - inferior extension of defect $> 12\text{mm}$,
probability of posterior instability $> 85\%^*$

*Weishaupt, Skeletal Radiol 29: 204, 2000

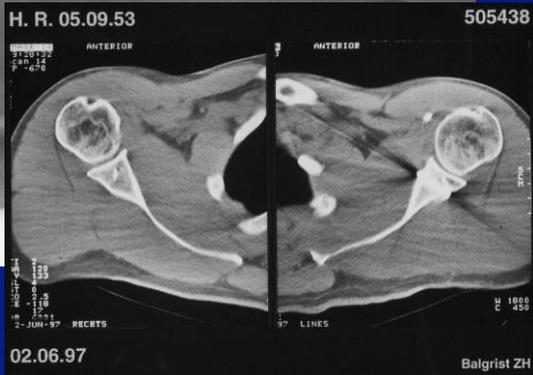
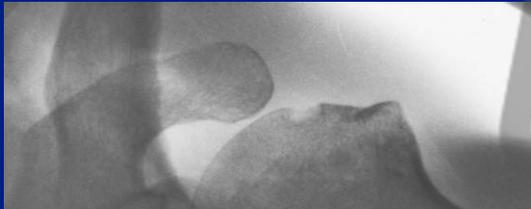
CONVEX DYSPLASTIC GLENOID?!



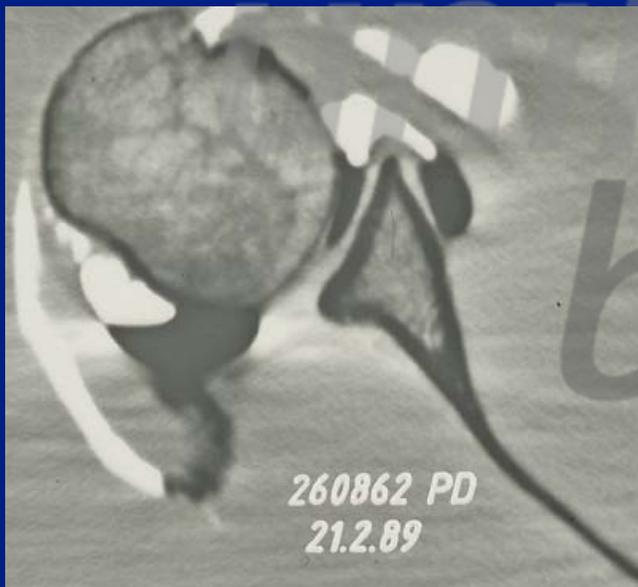
“PEMBER - SCOTT“?



uniklinik
balgrist



P.I.C.S. GLENOID RETROVERSION



stable shoulders

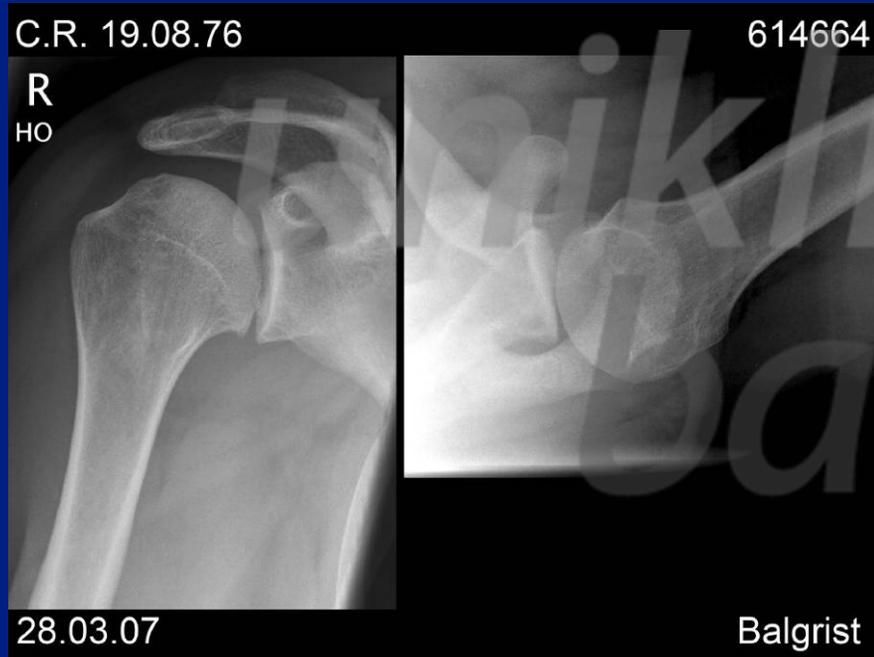
5.1°

p<0.01

unstable shoulders

12.5°

STATIC POSTERIOR WITH DYNAMIC POSTERIOR SUBLUXATION



RESULT



SUMMARY

Capsular distension alone: PICS

Bony deficiency: Bony correction

Diagnosis?